

# SPECIFICATION 产品规格书

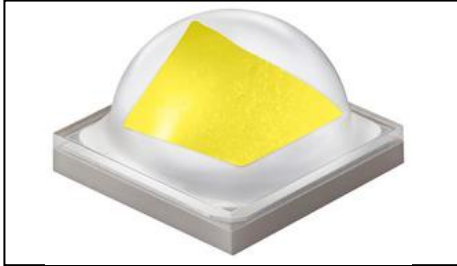


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## 1. Description 产品介绍

### 1.1 产品描述



The White LED which was fabricated by using a blue chip and phosphors.

白光LED是由蓝光芯片激发荧光粉而形成

The LED package dimension: 3.45mmX3.45mmX2.65mm.

产品尺寸: 3.45mmX3.45mmX2.65mm。

### 1.2 Features 产品特征

Ceramics Package.陶瓷封装

viewing angle:120°.发光角度120°

High reliability.高可靠性

Suitable for all SMT assembly and solder process.适用于所有的SMT组装和焊接工艺

Available on tape and reel.适用于载带及卷轴

RoHS compliant.满足RoHS要求

### 1.3 Application 产品应用

Warning lights, Downlights, Wash wall lights, Spot lights, Street lights. 警报器、筒射灯、洗墙灯、天花灯、路灯

Plant lighting, Landscape lighting, Stage photography light. 植物照明、景观照明、舞台摄影

Hotels, markets, offices, household and other indoor uses.酒店、商场、办公室、家用及其它室内用途

General use.其他应用

## 1.4 Package Dimension 封装尺寸

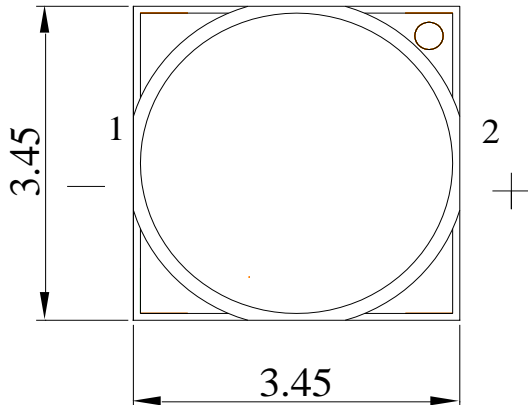


Fig.1-1 Top view 正面视图

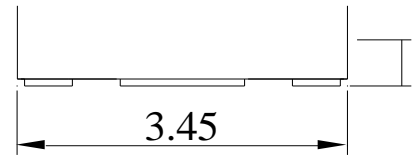


Fig.1-2 Side view 侧面视图

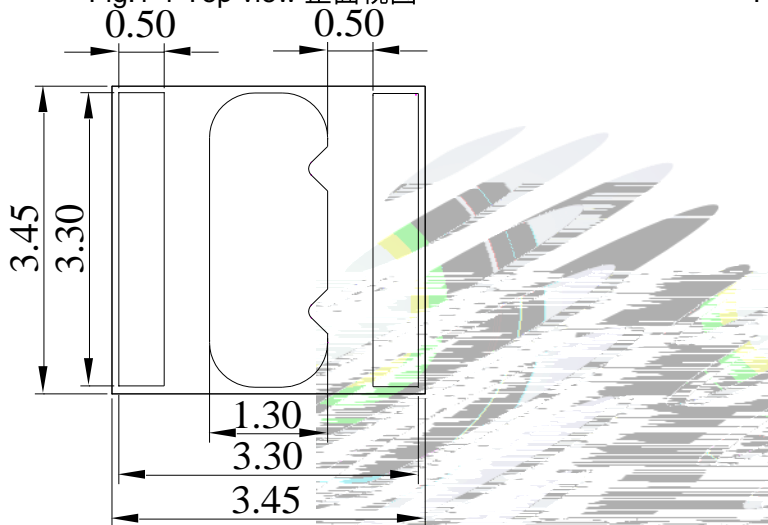


Fig.1-3 Bottom view 背面视图

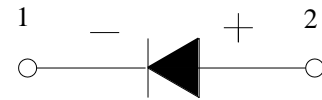


Fig.1-4 Polarity 极性

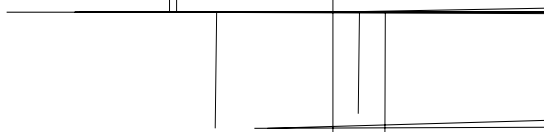
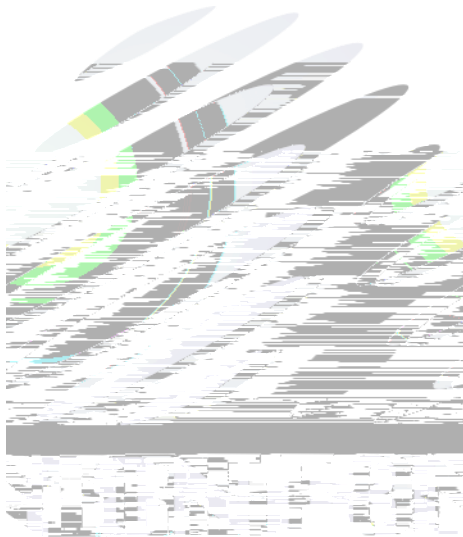


Fig.1-5 Soldering patterns 推荐焊盘

### Notes 备注:

1. All dimensions units are millimeters. 所有尺寸标注单位为毫米
2. All dimensions tolerances are  $\pm 0.2\text{mm}$  unless otherwise noted. 除特别标注外, 所有尺寸公差为  $\pm 0.2$  毫米



RF-AL-C3535L2K145-M2 Correlated Color Temperature (色温)	CCT	I <sub>F</sub> =350mA	---	4500	---	K
RF-AL-C3535L2K150-M2 Correlated Color Temperature (色温)	CCT	I <sub>F</sub> =350mA	---	5000	---	K
RF-AL-C3535L2K157-M2 Correlated Color Temperature (色温)	CCT	I <sub>F</sub> =350mA	---	5700	---	K
RF-AL-C3535L2K160-M2 Correlated Color Temperature (色温)	CCT	I <sub>F</sub> =350mA	---	6000	---	K
RF-AL-C3535L2K1**-M2 Color Rendering Index (显色指数)	Ra	I <sub>F</sub> =350mA	70	---	---	---
Reverse Current (漏电流)	I <sub>R</sub>	V <sub>R</sub> =5V	---	---	10	uA
Viewing Angle (发光角度)		I <sub>F</sub> =350mA	---	120	---	deg
Thermal Resistance. (热阻)	R <sub>THJ-S</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> =700mA T <sub>a</sub> =25	---	1.90	---	/W

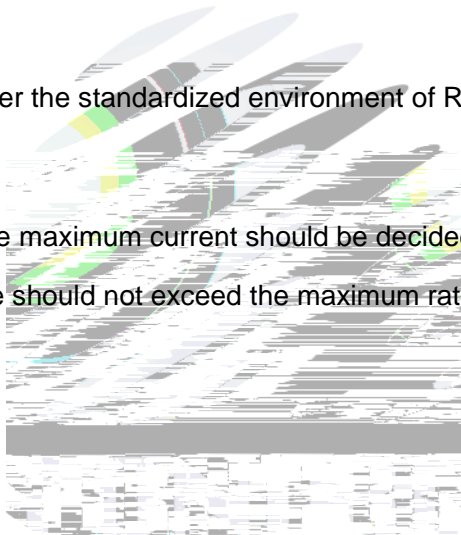
Table 1-2 Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ts=25°C 绝对最大值

Parameter (参数)	Symbol (符号)	Rating (值)	Units (单位)
Power Dissipation (功耗)	P <sub>D</sub>	6800	mW
Forward Current (正向电流)	I <sub>F</sub>	2000	mA
Peak Forward Current (峰值电流)	I <sub>FP</sub>	3000	mA
Reverse Voltage (反向电压)	V <sub>R</sub>	5	V
Electrostatic Discharge (HBM) (静电)	E <sub>SD</sub>	2000	V
Operating Temperature (操作温度)	T <sub>OPR</sub>	-40 ~ +85	
Storage Temperature (储存温度)	T <sub>OPR</sub>	-40 ~ +85	

## Junction Temperature

### Notes 备注:

1. 1/10 Duty cycle, 0.1ms pulse width. 脉宽0.1ms,占空比1/10.
2. The above forward voltage measurement allowance tolerance is  $\pm 0.1V$ . 以上所示电压测量误差  $\pm 0.1V$ .
3. The above Dominant Wavelength measurement allowance tolerance is  $\pm 1nm$ . 以上所示波长测量误差  $\pm 1nm$ .
4. The above luminous intensity measurement allowance tolerance  $\pm 10\%$ . 上述发光强度的测试允许公差为  $\pm 10\%$ .
5. Care is to be taken that power dissipation does not exceed the absolute maximum rating of the product. 使用功率不能超过规定的最大值。
6. All measurements were made under the standardized environment of Refond. 以上所有的测试都是在标准测试平台。
7. When the LEDs are in operation the maximum current should be decided after measuring the package temperature · junction temperature should not exceed the maximum rate. LED 使用的最大电流需要根据散热条件确定, 结温不能超过最大值。



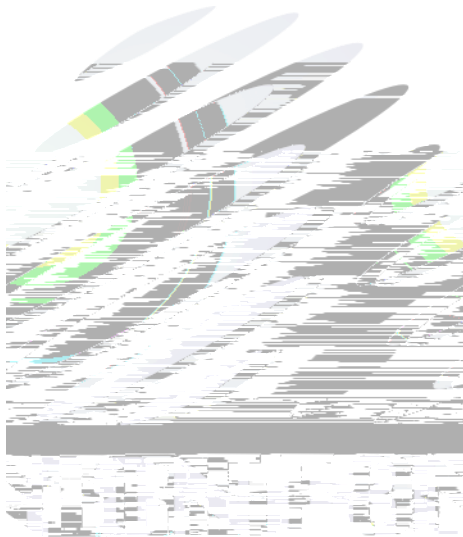




Table 1-4 Chromaticity Region &amp; Coordinates

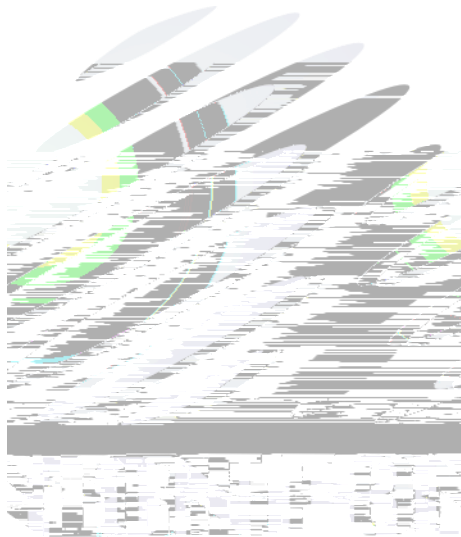
	CIE-X	CIE-Y	Region	CIE-X	CIE-Y	Region	CIE-X	CIE-Y	Region	CIE-X	CIE-Y
2700K			3000K			3500K			4000K		
27A	0.4373	0.3893	30A	0.4147	0.3814	35A	0.3889	0.3690	40A	0.3670	0.3578
	0.4465	0.4071		0.4221	0.3984		0.3941	0.3848		0.3702	0.3722
	0.4582	0.4099		0.4342	0.4028		0.4080	0.3916		0.3825	0.3798
	0.4483	0.3919		0.4259	0.3853		0.4017	0.3751		0.3783	0.3646
27B	0.4465	0.4071	30B	0.4221	0.3984	35B	0.3941	0.3848	40B	0.3702	0.3722
	0.4562	0.4260		0.4299	0.4165		0.3996	0.4015		0.3736	0.3874
	0.4687	0.4289		0.4430	0.4212		0.4146	0.4089		0.3869	0.3958
	0.4582	0.4099		0.4342	0.4028		0.4080	0.3916		0.3825	0.3798
27C	0.4582	0.4099	30C	0.4342	0.4028	35C	0.4080	0.3916	40C	0.3825	0.3798
	0.4687	0.4289		0.4430	0.4212		0.4146	0.4089		0.3869	0.3958
	0.4813	0.4319		0.4562	0.4260		0.4299	0.4165		0.4006	0.4044
	0.4700	0.4126		0.4465	0.4071		0.4221	0.3984		0.3950	0.3875
27D	0.4483	0.3919	30D	0.4259	0.3853	35D	0.4017	0.3751	40D	0.3783	0.3646
	0.4582	0.4099		0.4342	0.4028		0.4080	0.3916		0.3825	0.3798
	0.4700	0.4126		0.4465	0.4071		0.4221	0.3984		0.3950	0.3875
	0.4593	0.3944		0.4373	0.3893		0.4147	0.3814		0.3898	0.3716
Region	CIE-X	CIE-Y	Region	CIE-X	CIE-Y	Region	CIE-X	CIE-Y	Region	CIE-X	CIE-Y
4500K			5000K			5700K			6500K		

45A	0.3530	0.3597	50A	0.3371	0.3490	57A	0.3215	0.3350	65A	0.3048	0.3207
	0.3615	0.3659		0.3451	0.3554		0.3290	0.3417		0.3130	0.3290
	0.3590	0.3521		0.3440	0.3427		0.3290	0.3300		0.3144	0.3186
	0.3512	0.3465		0.3366	0.3369		0.3222	0.3243		0.3068	0.3113
45B	0.3548	0.3736	50B	0.3376	0.3616	57B	0.3207	0.3462	65B	0.3028	0.3304
	0.3641	0.3804		0.3463	0.3687		0.3290	0.3538		0.3115	0.3391
	0.3615	0.3659		0.3451	0.3554		0.3290	0.3417		0.3130	0.3290
	0.3530	0.3597		0.3371	0.3490		0.3215	0.3350		0.3048	0.3207
45C	0.3641	0.3804	50C	0.3463	0.3687	57C	0.3290	0.3538	65C	0.3115	0.3391
	0.3736	0.3874		0.3551	0.3760		0.3376	0.3616		0.3205	0.3481
	0.3702	0.3722		0.3533	0.3620		0.3371	0.3490		0.3213	0.3373
	0.3615	0.3659		0.3451	0.3554		0.3290	0.3417		0.3130	0.3290
45D	0.3615	0.3659	50D	0.3451	0.3554	57D	0.3290	0.3417	65D	0.3130	0.3290
	0.3702	0.3722		0.3533	0.3620		0.3371	0.3490		0.3213	0.3373
	0.3670	0.3578		0.3515	0.3487		0.3366	0.3369		0.3221	0.3261
	0.3590	0.3521		0.3440	0.3427		0.3290	0.3300		0.3144	0.3186
			50R	0.3366	0.3369	57R	0.3222	0.3243	65R	0.3068	0.3113
				0.3440	0.3428		0.3290	0.3300		0.3144	0.3186
				0.3429	0.3307		0.3290	0.3180		0.3161	0.3059
				0.3361	0.3245		0.3231	0.3120		0.3093	0.2993
			50S	0.3381	0.3762	57S	0.3196	0.3602	65S	0.3005	0.3415
				0.3480	0.3840		0.3290	0.3690		0.3099	0.3509

				0.3463	0.3687		0.3290	0.3538		0.3115	0.3391
				0.3376	0.3616		0.3207	0.3462		0.3028	0.3304
							0.3290	0.3690		0.3099	

57T

65T



## 1.6 Typical optical characteristics curves 典型光学特性曲线

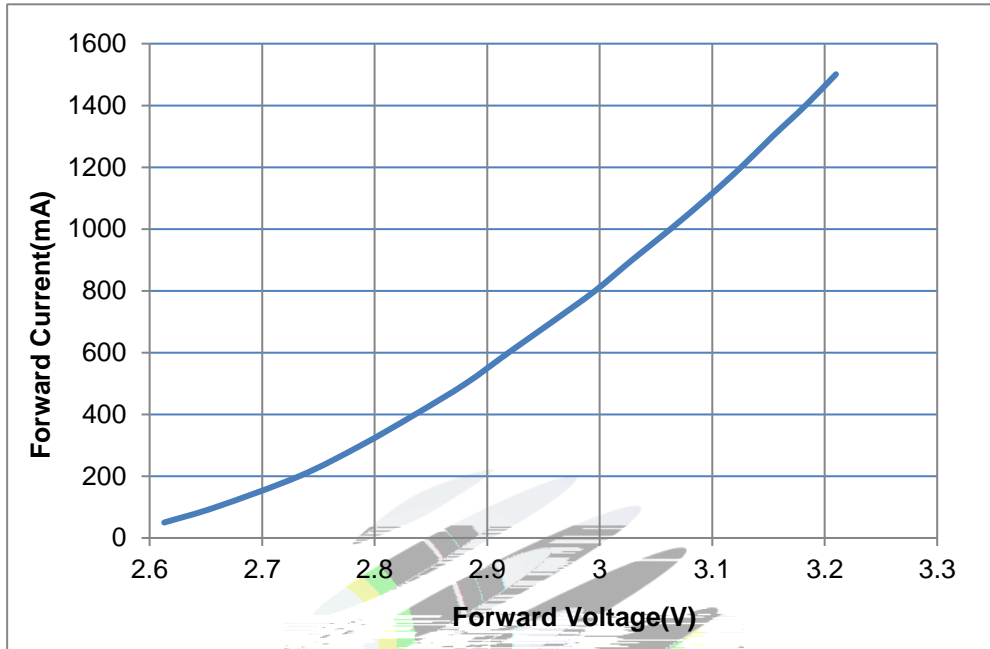


Fig 1-6 Forward Voltage Vs Forward Current伏安特性曲线

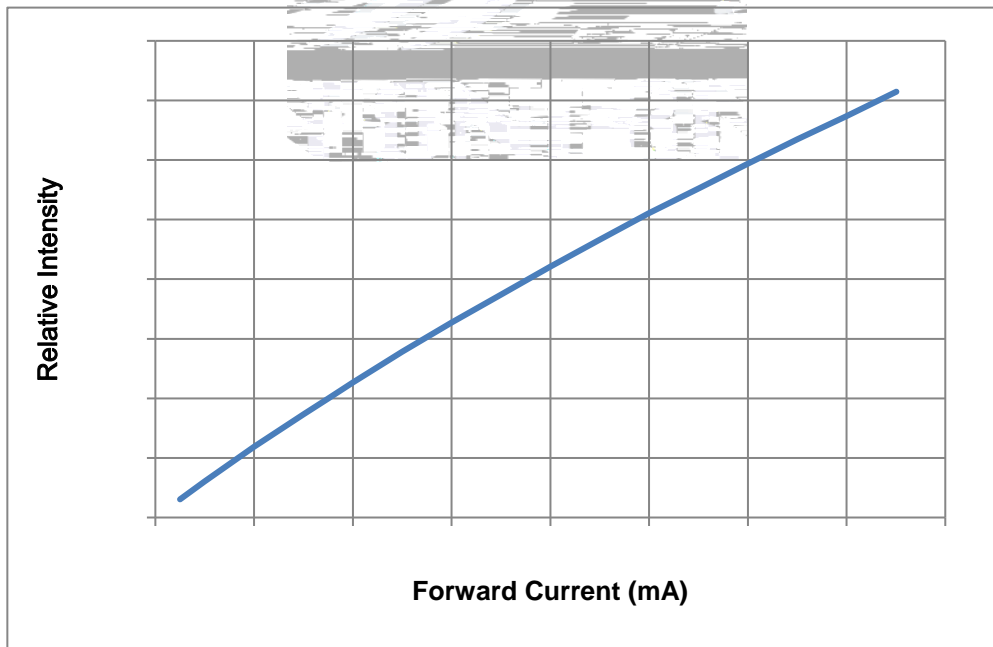


Fig.1-7 Forward Current Vs Relative Intensity

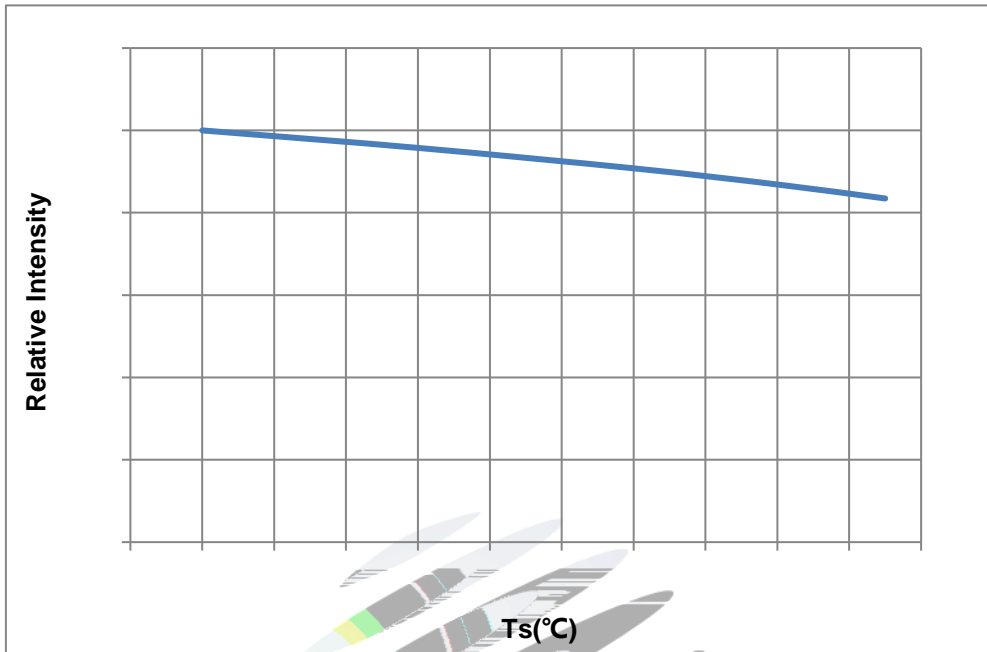


Fig.1-8 Temperature Vs Relative Intensity

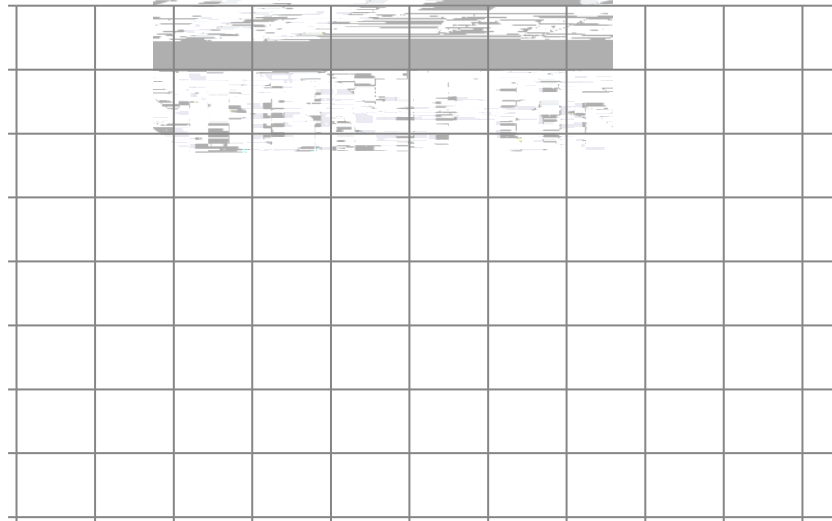
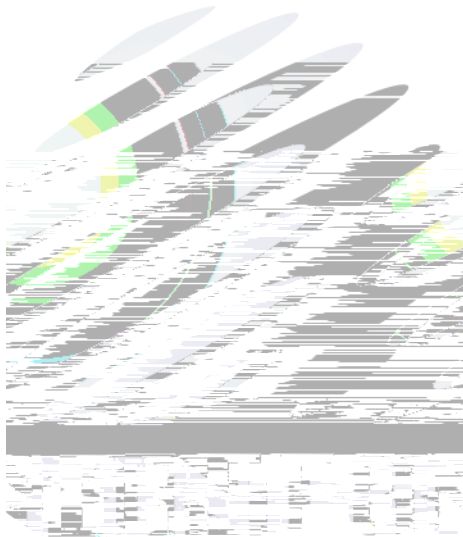


Fig 1-9 Ts Temperature Vs Forward Current 管脚温度与正向电流特性曲



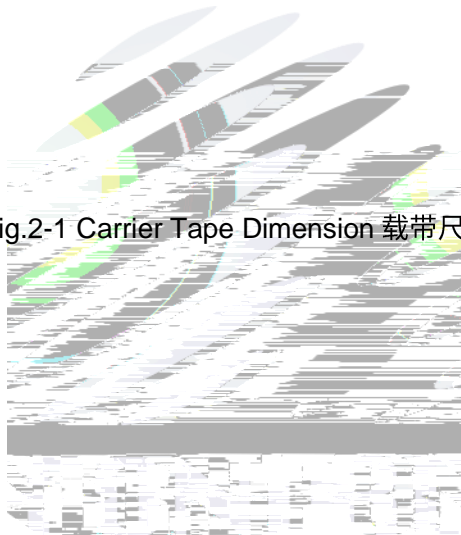
## 2. Packaging 产品包装

### 2.1 Packaging Specification 包装规格

Package:1000pcs/reel.包装每卷

#### 2.1.1Carrier Tape Dimension 载带尺寸

Fig.2-1 Carrier Tape Dimension 载带尺寸



#### 2.1.2Reel Dimension 卷盘尺寸

### 2.1.3 Label Form Specification 标签规格

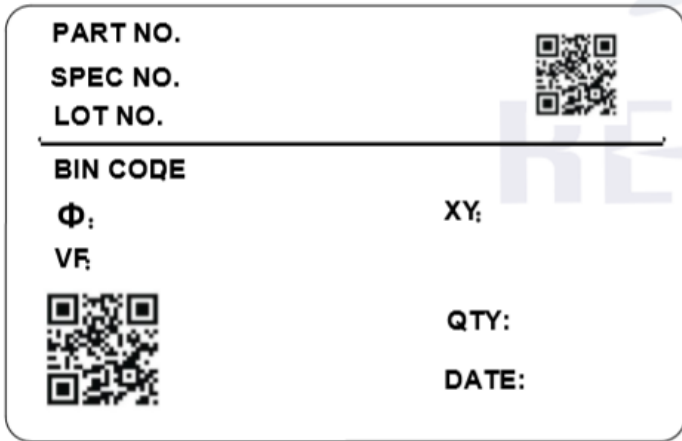


Fig 2-3 Label Form 标签模板

Table 2-2 Label Parameter 标签参数

PART NO.	Part Number 品名
SPEC NO.	Spec Number 规格
LOT NO.	Lot Number 批次号
BIN CODE	Bin Code 参数代码
	Luminous flux 光通量
XY	Chromaticity Bin 色区
V <sub>F</sub>	Forward Voltage 正向电压
QTY	Packing Quantity 数量
DATE	Made Date 生产日期

### 2.2 Moisture Resistant Packing 防潮包装

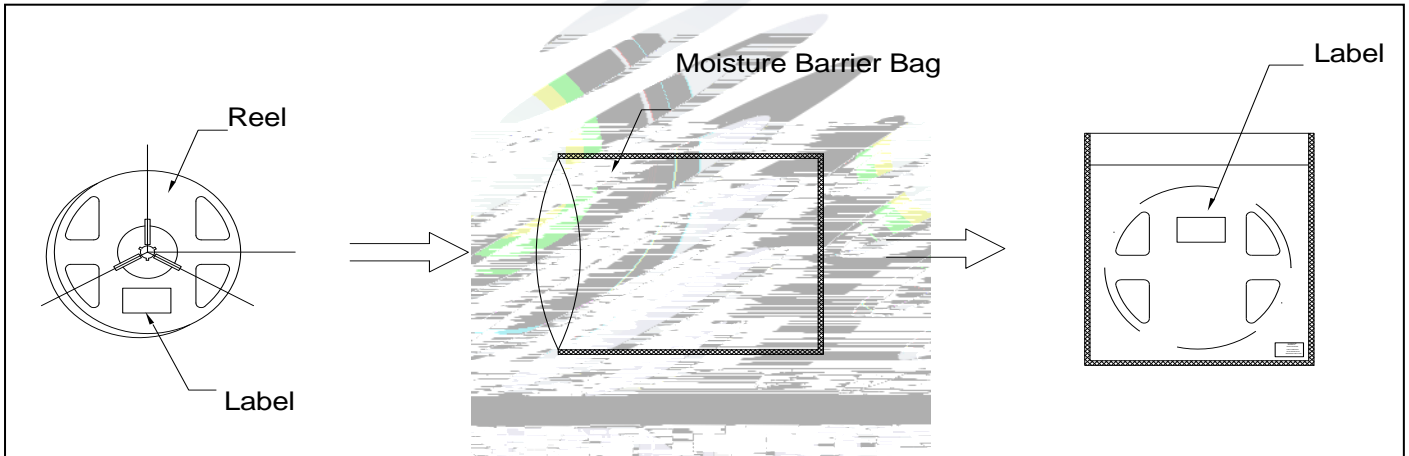


Fig.2-4 Packing specification 包装说明

### 2.3 Cardboard Box 包装纸箱

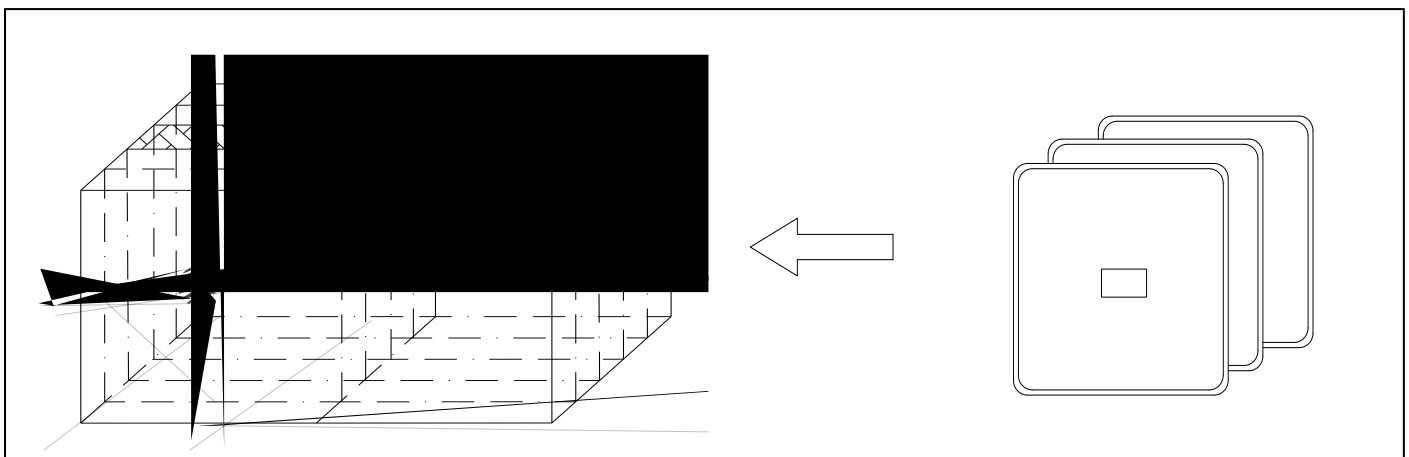


Fig.2-5 Cardboard Box 包装纸箱



## 2.4 Reliability Test Items And Conditions 信赖性测试项目及条件

Table 2-3 Test items and conditions 测试项目及条件

Test Items 项目	Ref. Standard 参考标准	Test Condition 测试条件	Time 时间	Quantity 数量	Ac/Re 接收/拒收
Reflow 回流焊	JESD22-B106	T <sub>emp</sub> :260°Cmax T=10 sec	2times.	10pcs.	0/1
Thermal Shock 冷热冲击	JEITAED-4701 300307	-40°C 15min 10s 100°C 15min	1000 cycle.	10pcs.	0/1
High Temperature Storage 高温保存	JEITAED-4701 200 201	T <sub>emp</sub> :100°C	1000hrs.	10pcs.	0/1
Low Temperature Storage 低温保存	JEITA ED-4701 200 202	T <sub>emp</sub> :-40°C	1000hrs.	10pcs.	0/1
Life Test 常温通电	JESD22-A108	T <sub>A</sub> =25°C I <sub>F</sub> =350mA	1000hrs.	10pcs.	0/1
High Temperature High Humidity Life Test 高温高湿通电	JESD22-A101	60°C/ 90%RH I <sub>F</sub> =350mA	1000hrs.	10pcs.	0/1

## 2.5 Criteria For Judging Damage 失效判定标准

Table 2-4 Criteria for judging damage 失效判定标准

Test Items 项目	Symbol 符号	Test Condition 测试条件	Criteria For Judgement 判定标准	Applicable project 适用项目
Forward Voltage 电压	$V_F$	$I_F=350mA$	$\leq \pm 10\%$	Reflow Thermal Shock
Luminous Flux W		$I_F=350mA$	Maintenance $\geq 80\%$ 光通量维持率	High and Low Temperature Storage
Lamp Bead Light Test 灯珠点亮测试	/	$I_F=350mA$	No open circuit short circuit or flicke 无开路、短路、闪变	High Temperature High Humidity Life Test

### Notes 备注:

1. The above reliability tests is based on the verification of a single/strip LED of Refond's existing experimental platform, the reliability experiment was taken under good heat dissipation conditions. when customers applies the LED to the series and parallel circuit, should take consideration of all the factors such as the current, voltage distribution, heat dissipation and others. 以上可靠性测试是基于瑞丰现有实验平台单颗/条 LED 在良好散热条件验证下的结果。客户端将 LED 应用于串、并联线路时，需自行评估电流、电压分配、散热等问题。

2. The technical information shown in the data sheets is limited to the typical characteristics and circuit examples of the referenced products. It does not constitute the warranting of industrial property nor the granting of any license. 以上技术数据仅为产品的典型值，只作为参考，不作为任何应用条件及应用方式的保证。

### 3. SMT Reflow Soldering Instructions SMT 回流焊说明

#### 3.1 SMT Reflow Soldering Instructions SMT 回流焊说明

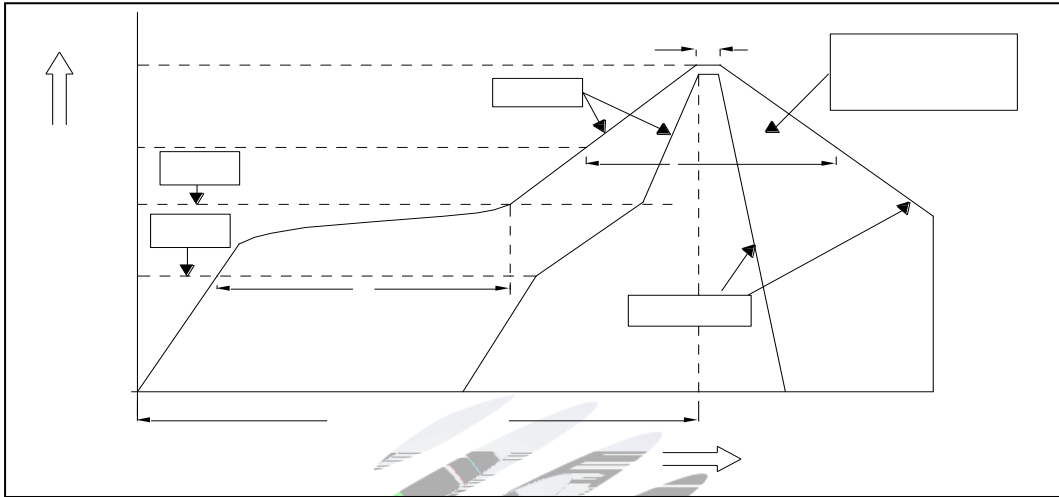


Fig.3-1 SMT Reflow Soldering Instructions SMT 回流焊说明

Table 3-1 SMT Reflow Soldering Parameter SMT 回流焊参数

Average temperature rise speed 平均升温速度 (T <sub>max</sub> 至 T <sub>p</sub> )	Max 3 °C/ s 最高3 °C/秒
Preheating: minimum temperature 预热: 最低温度 (T <sub>min</sub> )	150 °C
Preheating: Max temperature 预热: 最高温度 (T <sub>max</sub> )	200 °C
Preheating: Time 预热: 时间 (T <sub>min</sub> 至 T <sub>max</sub> )	60 - 120秒 60s-120s
Time limited to maintain high temperature: the temperature 限时维持高温: 温度 (T <sub>L</sub> )	217 °C
Time limited to maintain high temperature: The Time 限时维持高温: 时间 (t <sub>L</sub> )	Max 60s 最多60秒
Peak /Classification of temperature: 峰值 / 分类温度 (T <sub>p</sub> )	260 °C
Time limit classification of peak temperature time 限时峰值分类温度: 时间 (t <sub>p</sub> )	Max 10s 最多10秒

Hold time within 5 °C with the actual peak temperature (TP) 与实际峰值温度 (TP) 相差 5 °C 以内的保持时间	Max 30s 最多30秒
Cooling speed 降温速度	Max 6 °C/ s 最高6 °C/秒
Needed time from 25 °C to Tp 25 °C 升至峰值温度所需时间	Max 8 minutes 最多8分钟

Notes 备注:

(1)Reflow soldering should not be done more than twice. If more than 24 hours between the two solderings , LED will be damaged. 回流焊次数不可以超过两次, 两次回流焊的时间间隔如果超过24小时, LED可能由于吸湿而损坏。

(2)Whensoldering , do not put stress on the LEDs during heating. 当焊接时, 不要在材料受热时用力同时挤压LED

### 3.1.1 Soldering Iron 烙铁焊接

(1) When do soldering by hand, keep the temperature of iron below less 300°C less than 3 seconds. 当手工焊接时,烙铁的温度必须小于300°C, 时间不可超过3秒。

(2) Soldering by hand should be done only one time.手工焊接只可焊接一次。

### 3.1.2 Repairing 修补

Repairing should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. When repairing is unavoidable,a double-head soldering iron should be used (as below figure). It should be confirmed in advance whether the characteristics of LEDs will or not be damaged by repairing.

LED回流焊后再次进行烙铁焊接会对LED本身特性造成破坏。LED封装胶为硅胶, 会损坏LED本身的特性。

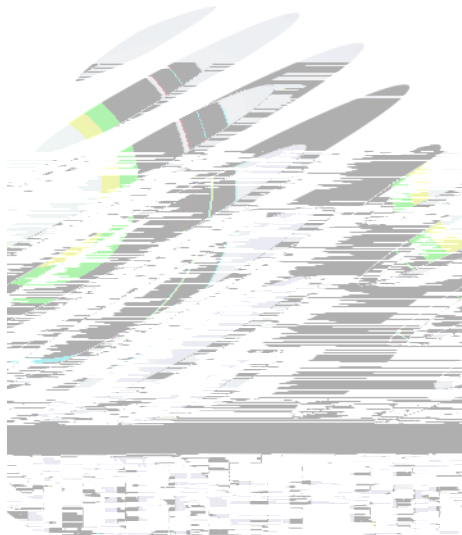
### 3.1.3 Cautions 注意事项

(1) The encapsulated material of the LEDs is silicone. Therefore the LEDs have a soft surface on the top of package. The pressure to the top surface will be impacted on the reliability of the LEDs. Precautions should be taken to avoid the strong pressure on the encapsulated part. So when use the picking up nozzle, the pressure on the silicone resin should be proper. LED封装胶为硅胶,

表面较软，用力按压胶体表面会影响LED可靠性，因此应有预防措施避免在按压器件，当使用吸嘴时，胶体表面的压力应是恰当的。

(2) Components should not be mounted on warped (non coplanar) portion of PCB. After soldering, do not warp the circuit board. LED 灯珠不要焊接在弯曲的PCB板上，焊接之后，也不要弯折线路板。

(3) Do not apply mechanical force or excess vibration during the cooling process to normal temperature after soldering. Do not rapidly cool device after soldering.回流焊之后冷却过程中，不要对材料施加外力，也不要震动，回流焊后，不要采用激剧冷却的方式。



## 4. Handling Precautions 产品使用注意事项

### 4.1 Handling Precautions 产品使用注意事项

(1) LED operating environment and sulfur element composition cannot be over 100PPM in the LED mating usage material. This is provided for informational purposes only and is not a warranty or endorsement. LED 工作环境及与 LED 适配的材料中硫元素及化合物成份不可超过 100PPM. 这只是一个建议，不作任何品质担保。

(2) In order to prevent external material from getting into the inside of LED, which may cause the malfunction of LED, the single content of Bromine element is required to be less than 900PPM, the single content of Chlorine element is required to be less than 900PPM, the total content of Bromine element and Chlorine element in the external materials of the application products is required to be less than 1500PPM. This is provided for informational purposes only and is not a warranty or endorsement. 为了防止外界物质进入 LED 内部以造成 LED 的损伤，所处环境及所用套件等等，单一的溴元素含量要求小于 900PPM，单一氯元素含量要求小于 900PPM，溴元素与氯元素总含量必须小于 1500PPM. 这只是一个建议，不作任何品质担保。

(3) VOCs (Volatile organic compounds) emitted from materials used in the construction of fixtures can penetrate silicone encapsulants of LEDs and discolor when exposed to heat and photonic energy. The result can be a significant loss of light output from the fixture. Knowledge of the properties of the materials selected to be used in the construction of fixtures can help prevent these issues. Refond advises against the use of any chemicals or materials that have been found or are suspected to have an adverse affect on device performance or reliability. To verify compatibility, Refond recommends that all chemicals and materials be tested in the specific application and environment for which they are intended to be used. Attaching LEDs, do not use adhesives that outgas organic vapor.

LED 内部，在通电产生光子及热的条件下，会导致 LED 变色，进而造成严重光衰，提前了解套件材料能够避免产生这些问题。瑞丰反对使用任何对 LED 器件的性能或者可靠性有害的物质或材料，~~不管这些材料是已经证实了的，还是仅仅怀疑有害。~~针对特定的用途和使用环境，瑞丰建议对所有的物质和材料进行相容性的测试。在贴装 LED 时候，~~不要使用能产生有机挥发性气体的粘结剂~~

(4) Handle the component along the side surface by using forceps or appropriate tools; do not directly touch or Handle the silicone lens surface, it may damage the internal circuitry. 通过使用适当的工具沿侧面处理元件，不要直接用手或尖锐金属压胶体表面，它可能会损坏内部电路。

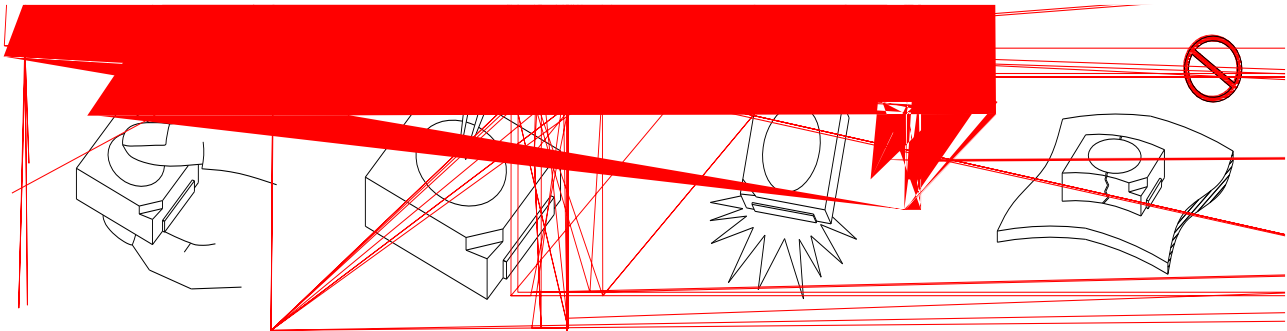


Fig 4-1 Misoperation 错误操作

(5) In designing a circuit, the current through each LED must not exceed the absolute maximum rating specified for each LED. In the meanwhile, resistors for protection should be applied, otherwise slight voltage shift will cause big current change, burn out may happen. The driving circuit must be designed to allow forward voltage only when it is ON or OFF. If the reverse voltage is applied to LED, migration can be generated resulting in LED damage. 设计电路时，通过 LED 的电流不能超过规定的最大值。同时，还要使用保护电阻，否则，微小的电压变化将会引起较大的电流变化，可能导致元件烧毁。电路设计必须保证只有在开启或者关闭的时候出现正向电压的变化，不要施加反压，否则会损坏 LED。

(6) Thermal Design is paramount importance because heat generation may result in the Characteristics decline, such as brightness decreased, Color change and so on. Please consider the heat generation of the LEDs when making the system design. LED 容易因为自身的发热和环境的温度改变而改变，温度升高会降低 LED 发光效率，影响发光颜色，所以在设计时应充分考虑散热问题。

(7) Compared to standard encapsulants, silicone is generally softer, and the surface is more likely to attract dust · requiring special care during processing. In cases where a minimal level of dirt and dust particles cannot be guaranteed, a suitable cleaning solution must be applied to the surface after the soldering of components. Refond suggests using isopropyl alcohol for cleaning. In case other solvents are used, it must be assured that these solvents do not dissolve the package or resin. Ultrasonic cleaning is not recommended. Ultrasonic cleaning may cause

damage to the LED. 与其他封装胶相比，硅胶通常较软，表面易吸附脏物，应用时应特别注意，当对产品洁净度要求较高时，回流焊以后需再采用恰当的清洗方式。我们推荐用异丙醇作清洗剂，如需要用到其他清洗剂，必须保证不会破坏封装体，超声清洗可能会对 LED 带来损害，不推荐这种清洗方式。

Table 4-1 Storage 储存

Conditions 种类		Temperature	Humidity 湿度	Time 时间
Storage	Before Opening Aluminum Bag 拆包前	30°C	75%	Within 6 Months From Date 6个月内
	After Opening Aluminum Bag 拆包后	30°C	60%	168hours 168小时
Baking 烘烤		60±5°C	<5%	≥24hours 大于24小时

(8) If the moisture absorbent material ( silica gel ) has faded away or the LEDs have exceeded the storage time, baking treatment should be performed after unpacking and based on the following condition ( 60±5 ) and less than 5%RH for above 24 hours. 如果干燥剂或包装失效，或者产品不符合以上有效储存条件，需拆包后进行烘烤，烘烤条件：60±5°C，小于 5%RH，大于 24 小时。

If the package is flatulence or damaged, please notify the sales staff to assist. 如果包装胀气或者破损，请及时告知销售人员。

(9) Similar to most Solid state devices; LEDs are sensitive to Electro-Static Discharge (ESD) and Electrical Over Stress (EOS). 像其他的半导体电子器件一样，LED 对静电过流击穿非常敏感，需要做好防护。

(10) Other points for attention, please refer to our relevant information. 其它注意事项请参照瑞丰相关文档。



Date日期	Revisor修订者	Version版本	Verifier审核	Remarks备注
2022-11-17	刘明	E0	姚胜坚	



